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H04Q 7/32, (74) Agent: JYVÄSKYLÄN PATENTITIOIMISTO BERGGREN OY AB: Ohjelmakaari 1, FIN-40500 Jyväskylä (FT). PCT/f-T03/00402 (51) International Patent Classification?: G08B 21/24 (21) International Application Number:

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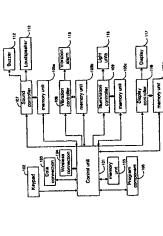
(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): NOKIA CORPORATION (FIGF); Keitalahdentie 4, FIN-02150

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(54) Title: METHOD AND ARRANGEMENT FOR POSITIONING A MOBILE TERMINAL

[Continued on next page]



(57) Abstract: The invention relates to a method and arrangement for positioning a mobile terminal, particularly within a finite local of functional instruction (201); secretard for activating said functional instruction (201); the equivated as a response to receiving the functional instruction (201); the functional instruction (201); the functional instruction (201); the functional instruction (201); the receiving mobile terminal, the functional instruction (201); the functional instruction is received as a very source as above transpector to exciving mobile terminal, the functional instruction is received via the wireless short-range connection (201); and the functional instruction is activated (2015) as a response to receiving the functional instruction.

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For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guid-ance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the begin-ning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

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Method and arrangement for positioning a mobile terminal

The invention relates to the positioning of mobile terminals particularly within a finite local area.

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In a home register or a visitor register there typically is knowledge of under which base station the mobile devices within the coverage area are located. The position of the mobile terminal can be determined by the network or by the mobile terminal and network together. The position of mobile devices is thus known base station specific. More accurately mobile devices can be positioned for example by means of the GPS (Global Positioning System) or by means of other known positioning systems. Typically in a mobile device, there can be loaded a desired map base, in which more data is filled in on the basis of inquiries, said data being position coordinates, route and distance information, trip and distance measurement findings and similar information.

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bile device and positioning problem among users is, however, how to locate a mobile device and possible its user within a given finite area. In many situations it is known that a mobile device is located within a given finite area, but the accurate location is not detected. For instance, it may be known that a device is within a given building, within a given space or otherwise within known boundaries. However, the accurate position of the device is not known. The fact that the position of the device is not detected may be due to a lack of observation on the side of the user, or to circumstances, for instance a noisy, dark, crowded or smoky environment.

Typically when a mobile terminal alarms, it repeats a chosen tone, the lights flash on and a text and/or image is formed on the display. When a mobile terminal alerts, both the hearing and eyesight are stimulated. In situations where this is not enough, a vibration effect can be added in the mobile terminal. The touch stimulus caused by the vibration effect is perceived for instance in a noisy or dark environment, when the auditory and visual stimuli are not sufficient in order to attract user's attention. These features are defined by the user himself, and another person looking for the mobile terminal or its user cannot know how the mobile terminal alarms. In addition, these features are adjustable, and typically only the user himself knows and identifies the functions that the device performs as a response to a request for con-

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In order to establish a connection, or only to transmit the request for connection from one device to another, both devices must be within the coverage area of the network. If the device is not capable of establishing a network connection, it is neither capable of establishing a connection with another device. This is often the problem for instance in certain areas or in a certain space, where audibility is weak or non-existent.

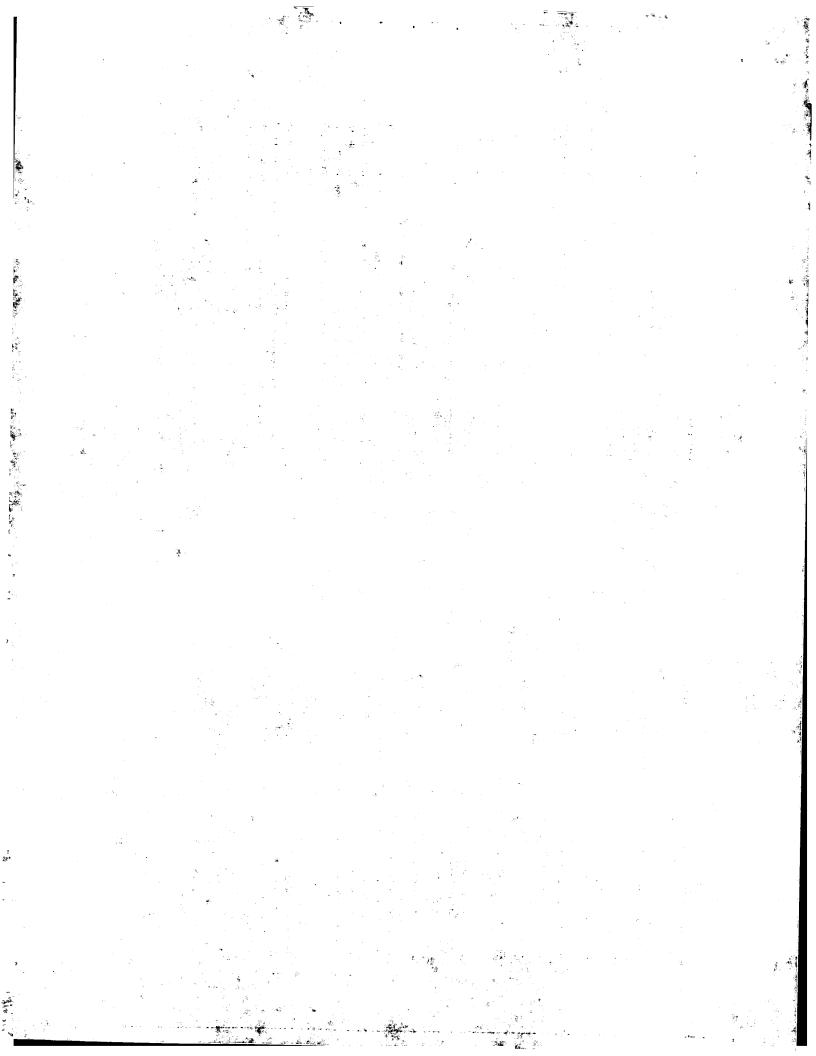
The object of the invention is to activate a mobile device so that it can be perceived by the human senses and thus located.

The object is achieved so that a functional instruction to be executed is transmitted to the mobile device via a wireless short-range connection. In addition, the object is achieved so that the functions contained in the instruction are executed as a response to their reception.

The invention is characterized by what is set forth in the characterizing parts of the independent claims. Preferred embodiments of the invention are described in the dependent claims.

According to a preferred embodiment of the invention, a mobile device can be located for example visually by activating by remote control some defined functions that can be perceived by the human senses. The activation is carried out via a given short-range connection, and a network connection is not required. A short-range connection is extensive enough, because the purpose is to perceive the device and its location by the human senses on the basis of sensual stimuli produced by the device. A wider functional coverage is not needed, because at a longer distance the device cannot, on the basis of its functions, in any case be perceived by the human

25 According to the invention, the device and its bearer can thus be located also in circumstances where they are outside the network coverage area, or when a connection to the network cannot for some reason be established. For instance in service and rescue operations, devices must often be used outside the coverage area. In a small area, for example in the cellar of a building or in poorly illuminated conditions, it is often useful to rapidly locate another device and its bearer. When operating in a finite area, a directly and sensually perceivable indication of the location of another device is more essential than the exact location with the position coordinates of the



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According to a preferred embodiment of the invention, the positioning of another device is realized so that a first device is used for defining for example sound and flashing light functions, and these functions are combined into given functional instructions that are transmitted to a second receiving device via an established shortrange connection. The second device receives the functional instructions. The receiving device executes the functions according to the instructions, which functions typically make the device easier to perceive by the human senses.

In the following the invention is described in more detail with the accompanied figures, where

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figure 1 is a block diagram of a device according to a preferred embodiment of the invention,

figure 2a is a flow diagram of a method according to a preferred embodiment of the invention at a transmitting device, and

15 figure 2b is a flow diagram of a method according to a preferred embodiment of the invention at a receiving device. Figure 1 illustrates a device according to a preferred embodiment of the invention.

A central part of the device is the control unit 101 that takes care of the operation and functional control of the device. The control unit 101 includes a microprocessor for controlling and monitoring the functions. The control unit 101 is linked to all other components of the device, either directly or through their control units.

Data may be fed to the device through the keypad 102. In addition, functions can be controlled or added via the data connection 103. According to a preferred embodiment of the invention, the device also includes separate means for a wireless connection 104. In order to establish for instance a short-range connection, the element 104 can be a chip that processes radio waves, or a panel that transmits infrared radiation

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The device comprises a memory unit 105 as well as controller specific memory units 105a, 105b, 105c, 105d. The term memory unit 105, 105a, 105b, 105c, 105d generally refers to all such elements in the device in which data can be stored and from which said data is later obtained for the use of the device and its components. Memory units include both elements for recording sound, text, light and other functions of the device, and a separate, replaceable memory card, where for instance name and number data can be recorded.

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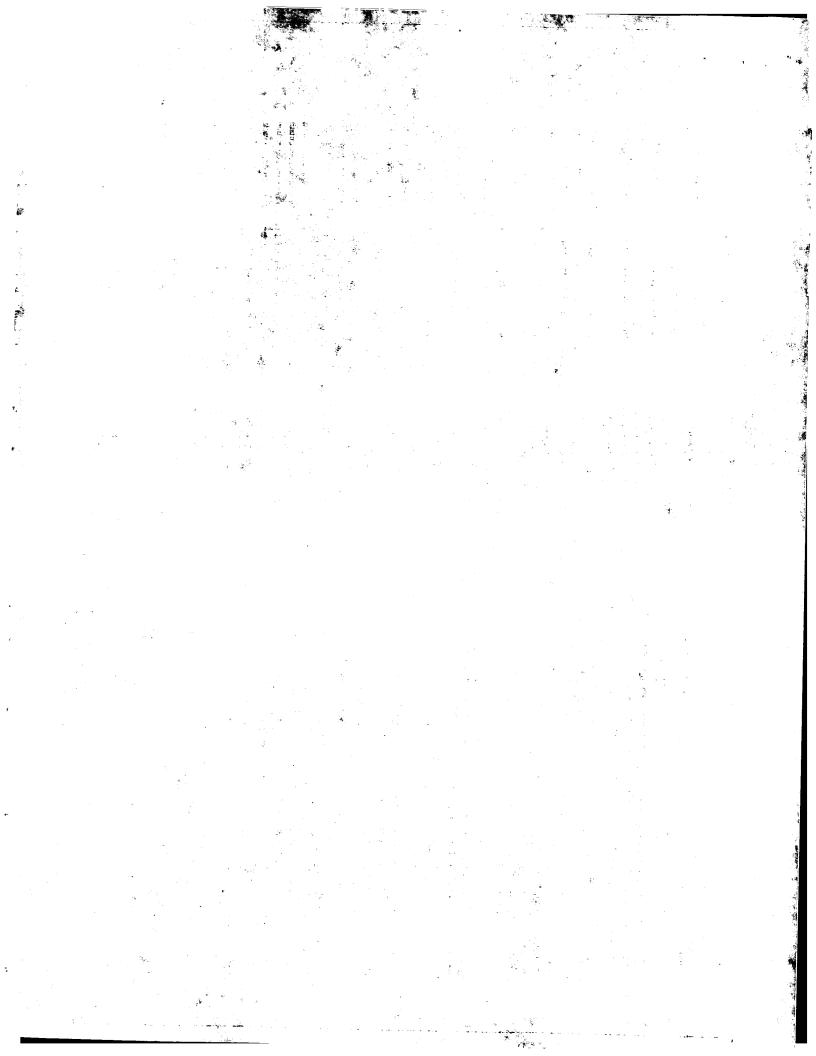
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The device is provided with a given program component 106 for defining and executing component functions. The program component 106 contains and processes functional instructions according to which the control unit 101 controls single components directly or through their control units.

- 5 The sound controller 107 of the arrangement copes with processing of various sounds. The sound controller 107 can look up or record sounds or various musical tones for example from a separate memory unit 105a containing different sounds and tones. The sound controller 107 transmits the sounds to be reproduced for instance to a sound unit 112, a loudspeaker 113 or a similar sound-producing device.
- 10 The vibration controller 108 of the device can receive data from the control unit 101 or from a separate memory unit 105b containing various vibration effects. The vibration controller 108 transmits the received data to be realized in the vibrator alarm 115.
- The illumination controller 109 can receive data from the control unit 101, or from a separate memory unit 105c containing light effects. The illumination controller 109 sends functional instructions further for instance to light units 116 illuminating the user interface of a mobile terminal. Typically the light units 116 are LED lights. Part of the light units can be background lights for the display.
- The display controller 110 can receive data from the control unit 101 or from a separate memory unit 105d containing graphic objects or text. The display controller 110 brings the data further to be shown on the display 117. The display controller 110 may modify graphic objects contained in the memory unit. In addition to modification, the display controller 110 can combine objects and for example represent several pictures sequentially in order to create a small-scale animation.
- 25 In addition, the device illustrated in figure 1, typically a mobile terminal, comprises typical transmission and reception branches for establishing a network connection and for transmitting data into the network and for receiving data from the network. These transmitter and receiver branches are not illustrated in figure 1.
- According to a preferred embodiment of the invention, the programming component 30 106 is used for creating a function or a combination of functions that can be perceived by the human senses, which function or combination of functions can be transmitted via a wireless connection 104 to the program component of the receiving device. When the program component 106 receives the functions transmitted via the wireless connection 104, said functions are activated, so that the instructions and



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commands according to the functions are transmitted to the control unit 101 that guides single components according to the functional instructions. The functions advised in the functional instructions are executed by the components of the device.

According to one embodiment of the invention, to the receiving device there is transmitted only an activation command that is directed to certain default functions. Consequently, in the receiving device there are defined and recorded certain default functions that are executed when the device receives a command to activate. The user can modify the default functions of the device, for instance ringing tones. Typically there are several different default functions, and new default functions can be added within the scope of the special features of the device in question.

When another device located nearby area should be positioned, there is defined a desired function that is suitable in the situation; a functional instruction is composed, and it is transmitted to the device to be positioned. When the device to be positioned executes the defined functions, the device is easy to detect. Thus the defined functions are functions that can be perceived by the human senses. One of the functions can be for example a ringing tone or another sound pattern that can be reproduced. The sounds can be for example peeping sounds, melodies or simple musical tones. Some devices are provided with a MIDI (Musical Instrument Digital Interface), whereby sound patterns can be composed and reproduced. Typically sound patterns are reproduced by means of a buzzer or a loudspeaker provided in the device.

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Together with sounds, or instead of sounds, there can also be used vibration. In that case the vibration unit of the device is controlled in order to create a vibrating motion. The vibrating motion can be perceived by the sense of touch, when the person is in immediate or nearly immediate contact with the device. A vibrating device is discemed from even a longer distance for instance when the vibration unit of the device is placed against a rigid, non-flexible surface. Typically the vibration of the vibration unit against a solid surface creates a resonance noise, and because said surface is not flexible, a fairly light device usually moves on the beat of the vibration.

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In addition to sound or instead of sound, it is often practical to use a clear visual effect. A typical visual effect is a text, graphic illustration or a small-scale animation presented on the display of the device. The data displayed on the screen does not help in perceiving the device from further away, but if one device should be indi-

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vidualized among several devices located at the near distance, it can be done by means of a textual and/or graphic identifier displayed on the screen. In addition, the illustration shown on the screen can serve as an informative message to the user whose device receives the functional instruction to be executed.

mobile terminal, the light units are placed on a circuit board, where they are often umination of the display and keypad of the device can be realized for instance by means of electro luminescence. In general, the device is illuminated by several light units that are typically LED (Light Emitting Diode) components. For example in a arranged at the edges of the display and the keypad, or between the keys. They are installed so that the light from the light units is distributed, via light conductors inare illuminated. The power fed into the light units, i.e. the lighting up and fading out flash pattern. Various flash patterns can be created by adjusting the power fed into can also be arranged in groups that are illuminated in turn or in a given order. Single Apart from text or graphics represented on the display screen, the visual function can also be a light effect realized by means of the light units of the device. The ilcluded in the arrangement, in the desired area, and that the display and the keypad of the lights can be controlled. This kind of fluctuation in the illumination is called a the light units, so that there are achieved differences in brightness. The light units light units can also be controlled, as well as the power supply therein. In addition, colors can be used in single light units. The significance of the power of attraction 2 9 15 8

According to a preferred embodiment of the invention, the desired function or a combination of functions can be selected for instance in the control menu of the device. From the control menu, there can be chosen a given flash pattern, vibration, tone, graphic figure or other feature. According to another embodiment, the mobile communications device is provided with pre-installed modes for the functions to be combined. In that case, functions can be defined according to each predetermined setting. According to a preferred embodiment, the functions can be edited and modified into desired variations. In order to execute the selected functions, there is formed a functional instruction that can be recorded in the memory of the device also for further usage. According to a preferred embodiment, the functional instruction is an activation command that activates the default functions, defined in the receiving device, to be executed. The formed or recorded functional instruction can be transmitted to another device for example via a established radio link or via some other short-range connection.

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of the flash patterns is emphasized in twilight or in darkness.

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The functional instruction to be transmitted contains an activation command, or the activation command is transmitted along with it. According to the preferred embodiment, the function according to the functional instruction is activated immediately when the functional instruction is received. The receiving device typically contains a menu where the execution of the functional instructions can be permitted or rejected. The user has a possibility to prohibit that the functions of his device are activated and executed from another device. According to a preferred embodiment, it can also be defined that given functions, for instance a tone pattern, is not executed according to the functional instruction, although the execution of other functions is permitted. If the device receives a functional instruction that cannot be executed, for instance because a given function is unknown to the receiving device, it is possible to execute a corresponding predetermined default function. Advantageously the receiving device also defines a given duration or number of repetitions for the functions in order to prevent the functions from consuming so much power that the other functions of the device are affected.

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Let us observe a method according to a preferred embodiment of the invention as realized in the transmitting device, with reference to figure 2a. First the device creates a functional instruction at step 201. On the basis of the functional instruction, there is defined which functions are activated in the receiver's device. The functional instruction can define a single function, for instance the reproduction of a certain sound effect, or a combination of functions, such as a sound effect and the flashing of lights. The functional instruction can be looked up in the memory, where it was stored in advance. The functional instruction can also be an activation command directed to the default functions of the receiving device.

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- 125 In step 202, there is established a connection to the device to which the created functional instructions should be transmitted. Typically the connection is a wireless short-range radio connection. A known wireless short-range connection between devices is a bluetooth. The bluetooth technique is based on a radio link operating within the frequency range of 2.4 gigahertz. For establishing a short-range connection, for instance infrared technique has earlier been applied, but with infrared, an essentially more precise alignment is required between the connection panels, and an infrared connection is much more susceptible to interference than the bluetooth. The bluetooth can be realized by means of advantageous radio technique that is fitted in a small space and consumes a limited amount of energy only.
- 35 The establishment of a bluetooth connection requires that the devices making the connection include a transceiver chip. Each device has a specific address, and the

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connection established therebetween can be either of the point-to-point type or of the point-to-multipoint type. Thus a connection can be established for several receivers simultaneously. The maximum range of a bluetooth connection is ten meters. Short-range connections can be used between various devices, such as mobile terminals, computers and PDA:s (personal digital assistant). In principle, the bluetooth system is packet-switched, but also circuit-switched connections can be established. Normally, when connections do not exist between the devices, they are in a so-called standby mode.

When a device in this embodiment in step 202 wishes to establish a connection with another device or with other devices, the device making connection can establish the connection directly to the identified device address, or it can start an inquiry of the devices that are located within the coverage area. With all or some of the devices detected on the basis of the inquiry, a bluetooth connection can then be established. According to the preferred embodiment, there are recorded the addresses of certain devices in the memory of the device. These can be stored for example in connection with the corresponding name and number information. Thus the device address to the target with which the connection is being established can be looked

up in the memory as a shortcut search. Along the established connection, a func-

ional instruction is transmitted to one or several receiving devices in step 203.

- 20 According to a preferred embodiment, a device to which a functional instruction is transmitted, is listed in the memory of the transmitting device. Thus the device has in its memory a list of devices to which functional instructions are transmitted. The list can also be completed with information of the time of the transmission, of the transmitted functional instructions, of the total duration of the connection, and so on. If only a list of the devices located nearby should be made, the list according to
 - transmitted functional instructions, of the total duration of the connection, and so on. If only a list of the devices located nearby should be made, the list according to this embodiment can be composed by transmitting an empty functional instruction or a functional instruction in order to execute a silent function. In that case the transmitting device does not execute anything, it is only listed in the memory of the transmitting device.
- 30 Figure 2b illustrates a method according to a preferred embodiment of the invention with respect to the receiving device. First some other device establishes a connection with the receiving device. In step 204, the functional instruction transmitted via the connection is received. Thereafter the operations according to the functional instruction are activated in the device in step 205. Activation here means that the operations according to the functional instructions are initiated and prepared so that

the corresponding execute commands can, after activation, be transmitted to the

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component – or its control component – that performs the function. In the activation step, there is for instance looked up functions according to the functional instructions in the memory, compiled functions by forming a new function defined in the functional instructions by means of known functions, or transmitted a given codelanguage functional instruction to a given control component for a future execution.

Thereafter it is checked, in step 205, whether the functions according to the functional instruction can be executed in the receiving device. First it is checked whether it is permitted in the current device settings to execute the functions according to the functional instructions received from another device. There may be a general prohibition, in which case the functional instruction cannot be activated at all. The functional prohibition may also refer only to a certain function, for instance vibration. If the functions according to the functional instructions are not permitted, the user can be informed, for example by a text shown on the display screen, that a device has transmitted functional instructions to his device. After that, the user may either activate the received functional instructions, store them or remove them.

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According to a preferred embodiment, in step 205 the commands and instructions of the functional instruction are processed one by one. In case a given command cannot be executed in the receiving device, it is possible to move over to the next command of the functional instruction, or to execute a default function of the receiving device. For instance the vibration function cannot be executed, if the receiving device does not have a vibration unit; in order to execute a sound pattern, the functional instruction may include a simple activation command, in which case the sound pattern to be executed is looked up in the memory. If the sound pattern is not found in the memory, the function cannot be executed. Along with an activation command, it is also possible to transmit a more detailed functional instruction, for example in order to form a given sound or flash pattern.

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If the execution of functional instructions is permitted, the activated functional instructions are executed in step 206. According to a preferred embodiment, the functional instructions or the settings of the receiving device define how long or how many times the function in question is executed. This moderates the power consumption, because for instance vibration consumes quite a lot power even in a short time. The functions according to the functional instructions received in step 206 are executed for a given predetermined number or duration. The executed functional instruction can be stored in the device memory for further usage.

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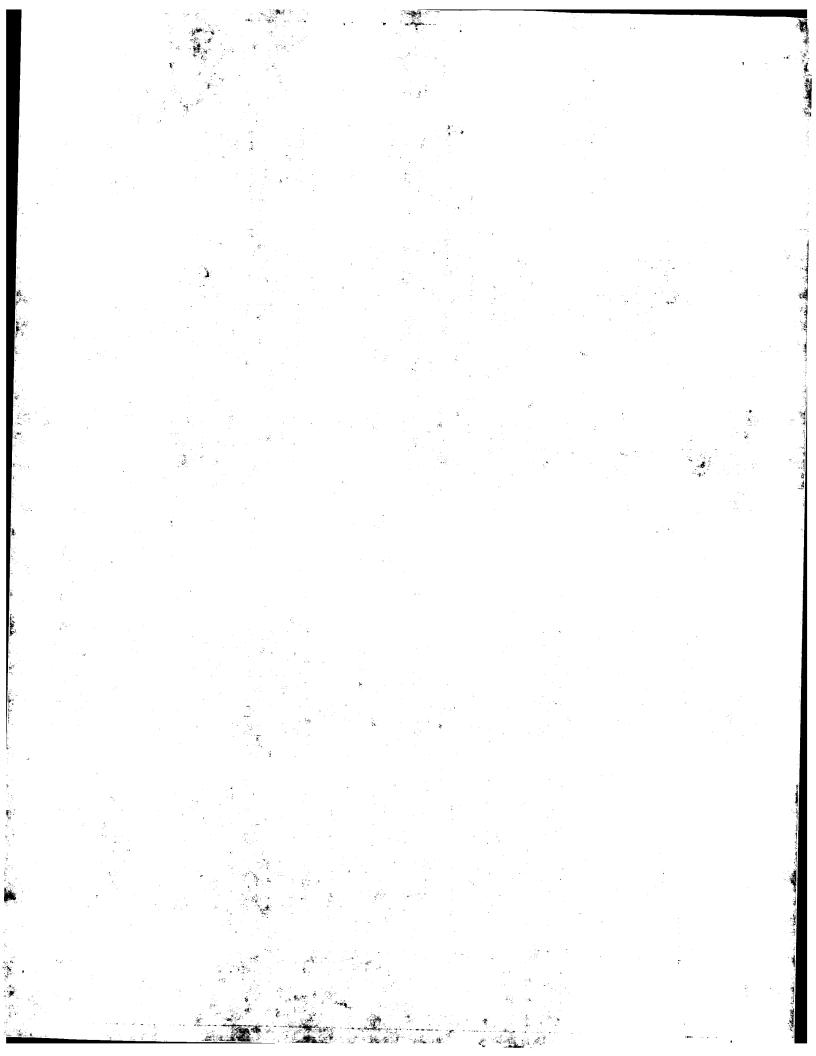
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The activation of another device according to a preferred embodiment of the invention is realized in real-time, for instance via a radio link, even if a network connection could not be established. For instance in basement or cellar floors or outside the coverage area, a network connection cannot be established. This feature is useful for sample for policemen or firemen who may be present in the same building without noticing each other owing to smoke or noise. In addition, the activation of given functions in another device according to the invention is useful, because then it is possible to emphasize the function that is best distinguished in the conditions at hand, or is clearest for the user to observe, so that the device is easily detected. In smoky or dark surroundings, the defined function can be at least a clearly visible flash pattern. In bright light, a better-distinguished feature is sound. As for a noisy environment, flash patterns are distinguished best. In general, it is advantageous to combine functions and produce several stimuli to the senses simultaneously.

According to one embodiment of the invention, a mobile terminal transmits functional instructions automatically. The functional instructions can be transmitted periodically e.g. by certain time periods, such as once a minute or every five minutes. The functional instructions may be transmitted to a specified mobile terminal or multicasted to a group of mobile terminals. This makes it possible for the user of the mobile terminal to set his/her device to make automatic queries for certain specified

mobile terminals in the vicinity. The automatic queries are useful for example in finding someone at happenings that attract significant amounts of people such as concerts, festivals or other crowded occasions. Also a receiving mobile terminal can be set to automatically transmit a response message to a received functional instruction. The receiving mobile terminal advantageously replies to the received functional instruction by transmitting a response message as a response to the received functional instruction. A response message may be a functional instruction or some other type of a message. The responses are typically transmitted via short-range link such as a bluetooth or infrared link. The responses may be transmitted via a long-range link, such as GSM or UMTS as well, for example if the short-range link can range link, such as GSM or UMTS as well, for example if the short-range link can

range link, such as GSM or UMTS as well, for example if the short-range link can no longer be established due to a change in a distance between the devices. This embodiment allows friends, who accidentally happen to be in the same area, to become aware of each others presence. Advantageously the receiving mobile terminal presents a request to its user for transmitting a response message. On a user interface of a receiving mobile terminal there is requested a confirmation from a user for transmitting a response message. The user may then cancel or confirm the transmitting of a response, thus the user decides whether he/she wants to announce his/her presence.



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Claims

- A method for positioning a mobile terminal, characterized in that it comprises steps of:
- defining an executable function that is detectable by senses,
- forming a functional instruction corresponding to the defined function for activating the defined function (201) in a mobile terminal,

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- establishing a wireless short-range connection (202), and
- transmitting via the established wireless connection the formed functional instruction (203), the function according to which is arranged to be activated as a response to receiving the formed functional instruction.

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- A method according to claim 1, characterized in that the executable function is defined to be at least one of the following: a flash pattern, a vibrating motion, a sound pattern or a visual effect represented on the display screen.
- A method according to claims 1 2, characterized in that as a response to re ceiving of an activation command (201), a predetermined default function is activated.
- 4. A method according to claims 1 2, characterized in that in the functional instruction (201) there is defined an activation command for activating a function and a detailed instruction for executing the function.
- 20 5. A method according to claims 1 4, characterized in that the function and the respective functional instruction (201) are selectable from a menu displayed by a user interface of a mobile terminal, said menu comprising functions corresponding to functional instructions.
- A method according to claims 1 5, characterized in that the function is defined by selecting a given function executable by the mobile terminal and by composing a functional instruction (201), on the basis of which the selected function is activated to be executed.
- A method according to claims 1 6, characterized in that the function is defined by composing a functional instruction (201) for activating a function by means of input elements arranged in the mobile terminal.

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- 8. A method according to claims 1 7, characterized in that a wireless short-range connection is established with several receiving mobile terminals simultaneously by the mobile terminal (202) establishing the connection.
- A method according to claims 1 8, characterized in that the established
 wireless short-range connection (202) is a radio link established by the transmitting mobile terminal.
- 10. A method for indicating the location of a mobile terminal, **characterized** in that the method comprises steps of:
- receiving in the mobile terminal via a wireless short-distance connection a functional instruction (204) for activating a function, and

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- activating the function according to the functional instruction (205) in the mobile terminal as a response to receiving the functional instruction.
- 11. A method according to claim 10, characterized in that it comprises after the activation steps of checking whether the execution of the function according to the functional instruction is permitted, and if the execution of said function is permitted,

executing (206) the activated function according to the functional instruction.

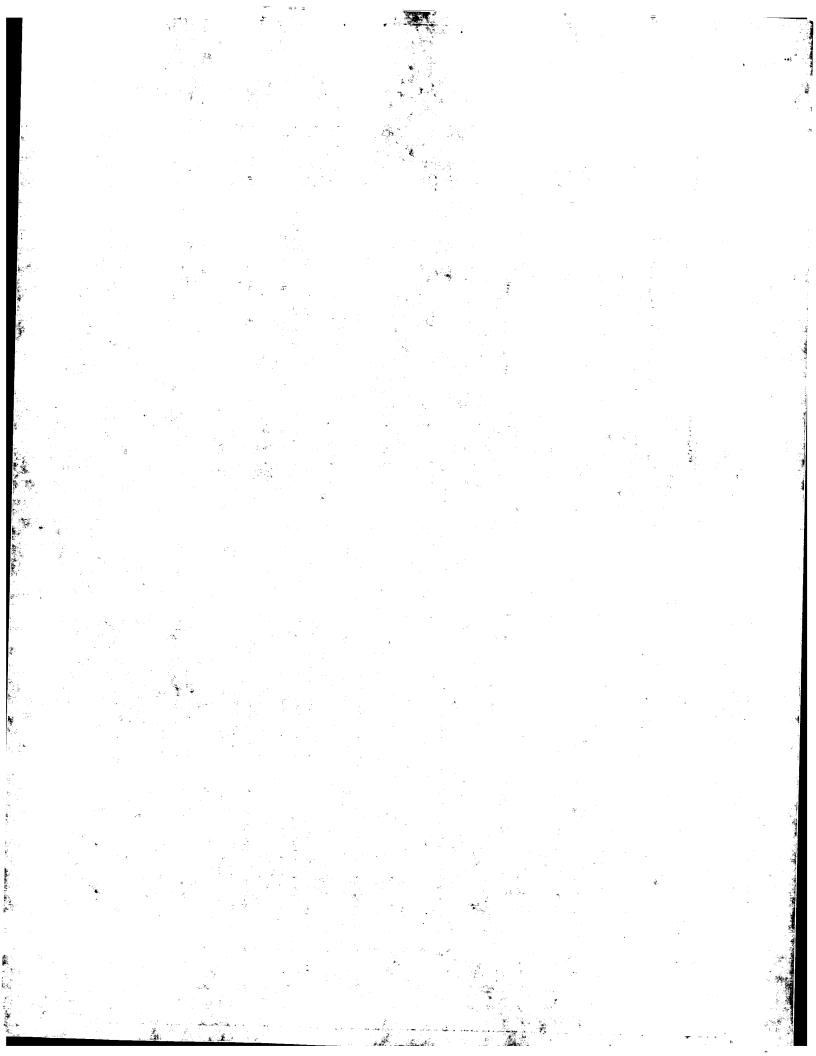
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- 12. A method according to claims 10 11, characterized in that it comprises steps of receiving a functional instruction (204) including an activation command for activating a function and including a detailed instruction for executing the function,
- tryating a function and including a detailed instruction, activating the functions (205) according to the detailed instruction.
- 13. A method according to one of the claims 10 12, characterized in that it comprises a step of replying to the received functional instruction by transmitting a response message as a response to receiving a functional instruction via short-range

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- connection.

 14. A method according to claim 13, characterized in that it comprises a step of requesting a confirmation from a user for transmitting a response message via shortrange connection.
- 15. A method according to claims 10 14, characterized in that it comprises steps of prohibiting the execution of the function according to the functional instruction by recording the prohibition to execute at the device, and as a response to receiving



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a functional instruction (204) that is prohibited to execute, presenting a notice of receiving the functional instruction.

16. A method according to claim 10, characterized in that it comprises steps of receiving an activation command (204) and as a response to receiving the activation command, activating a predetermined default function (205).

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- 17. An arrangement for positioning a mobile terminal, characterized in that the arrangement comprises
- means for defining a function, observable by senses and executable,
- means for composing a functional instruction (106) defining an activation of the function in the mobile terminal,

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- means for establishing a short-range connection (104), and
- means for transmitting the functional instructions via the established connection.
- 18. An arrangement according to claim 17, characterized in that said arrangement comprises means for defining a flash pattern, a sound pattern, a vibrating motion and/or a visual effect presented on the display screen.
- 19. An arrangement according to claims 17 18, characterized in that it comprises means for associating an activation command for activating a predetermined default function with the functional instruction (106).
- 20 20. An arrangement according to claims 17 19, characterized in that it comprises means for adding a detailed instruction describing the execution of the function to the functional instruction (106).
- An arrangement according to claims 17 20, characterized in that it comprises a menu containing functions of the device and corresponding functional instructions in order to define the function and to form a functional instruction.
- 22. An arrangement according to claims 17 21, characterized in that it comprises means for defining a certain function and means for composing a functional instruction, on the basis of which the defined function is activated.
- 23. An arrangement according to claims 17 22, characterized in that the wire 30 less short-range connection (104) is a radio link realized by bluetooth technique.

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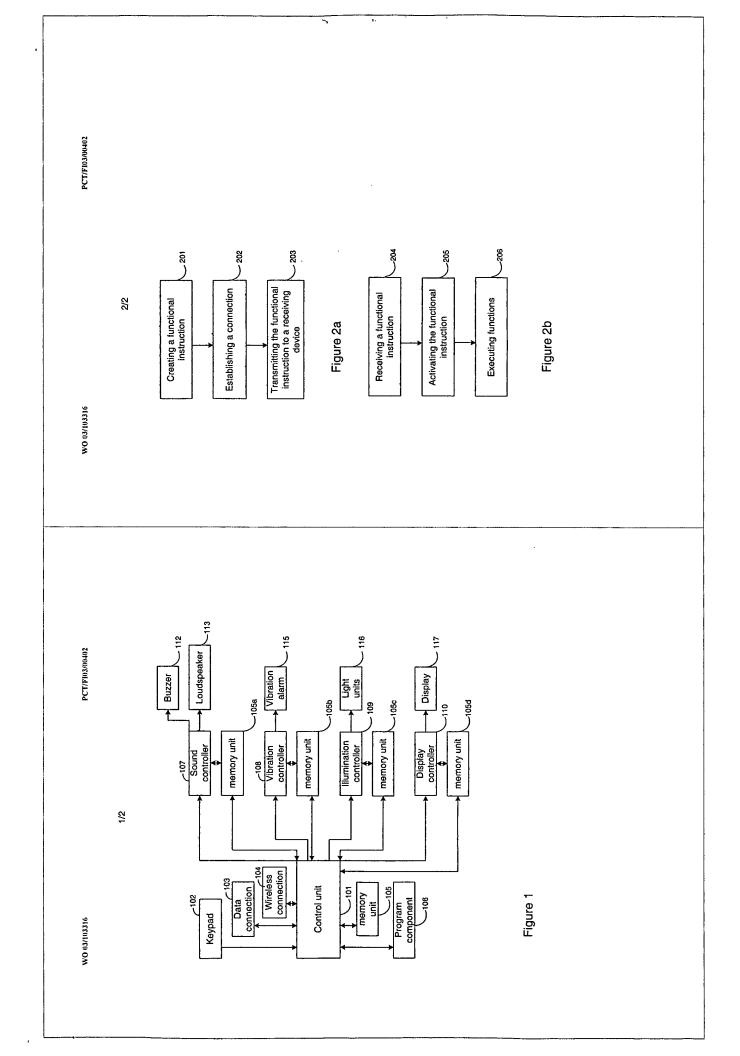
- 24. An arrangement for indicating the location of a mobile terminal, characterized in that the arrangement comprises
- means for receiving a functional instruction (106) in the mobile terminal via a wireless short-range connection (104), and
- means for activating (101, 106) a function according to the functional instruction in the mobile terminal as a response to receiving the functional instruction.
- 25. An arrangement according to claim 24, characterized in that it comprises means for checking whether the execution of the function according to the functional instruction is permitted, and means (112, 113, 115, 116, 117) for executing the activated function, if the execution of said function is permitted.
- An arrangement according to claims 24 25, characterized in that it comprises means for receiving (106) a functional instruction including an activation command for activating a function and a detailed instruction for the function, and means for activating the function according to the detailed instruction, as a response to receiving the functional instruction.
- 27. An arrangement according to claims 24 26, characterized in that it comprises means for rejecting the function according to the functional instruction and means for indicating the reception of the functional instruction as a response to re-
- means for indicating the reception of the functional instruction as a response to receiving a functional instruction that is forbidden to execute.

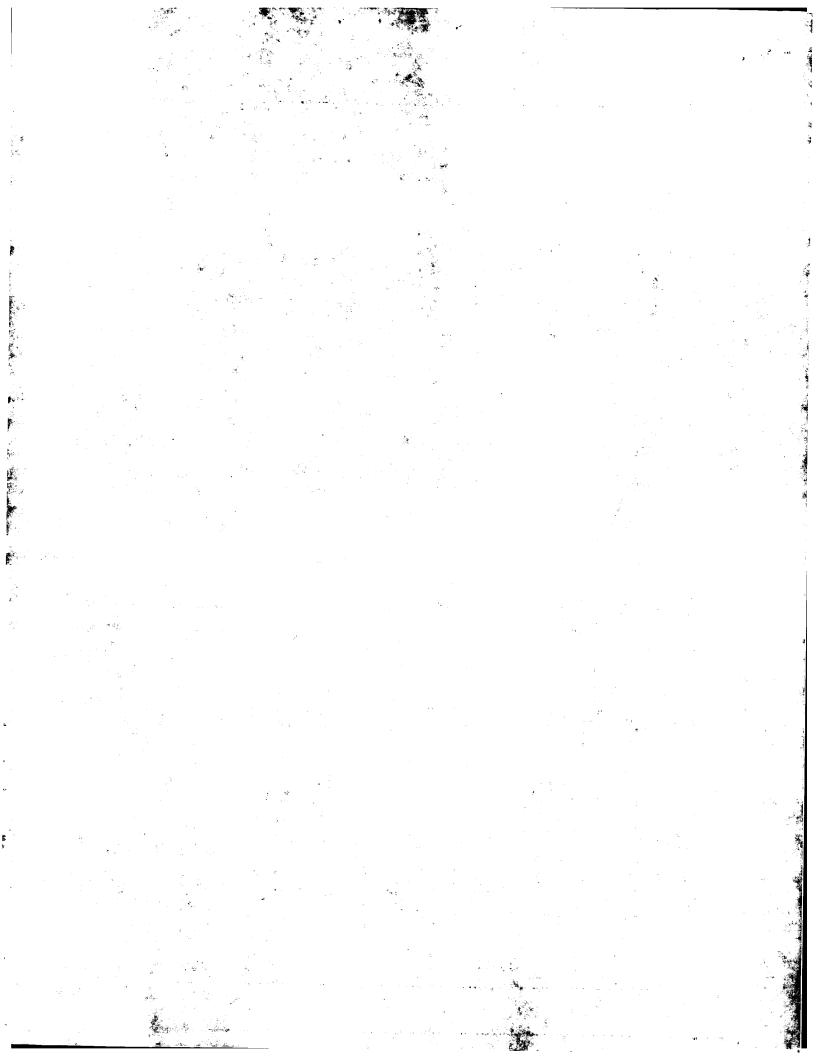
 28. An arrangement according to one of the claims 24 27, characterized in that it comprises means for requesting a confirmation from a user for transmitting a response message as a response to a received functional instruction, means for composing a response message and means for transmitting the response message as a response to a received functional instruction to a device from which the functional instructional in-
- 29. An arrangement according to claim 28, characterized in that it comprises means for requesting a confirmation from a user for transmitting a response message as a response to a received functional instruction.

struction was received.

30 30. An arrangement according to claim 24, characterized in that it comprises means (106) for receiving an activation command for activating a function, and means for activating a predetermined default function as a response to receiving the activation command.

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/FI 03/00402

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched IPC7: H04Q 7/32, G08B 21/24 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by dataification symbols) A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER SE, DK, FI, NO classes as above IPC7: H04M, G08B, H04Q B. PIELDS SEARCHED

Relevant to claim No. Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) 1-39 1-30 Category* Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages EP 1251472 A1 (SONY INTERNATIONAL (EUROPE) GMBH), 23 October 2002 (23.10.02), paragraphs [0009] - [0027], abstract. C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT ď,

1-30 1-30 US 6397088 B1 (ROO, K-Y.), 28 May 2002 (28.05.02), abstract WD 0032002 A1 (ERICSSON, INC.), 2 June 2000 (02.06.00), page 4, line 16 - page 5, line 3 US 5673023 A (SMITH, B.K.), 30 Sept 1997 (30.09.97), column 6, line 21 - line 26, abstract

later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory understand the principle or theory understand X Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.

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X See patent family annex.

"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance

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document of particular relevance the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive risp when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person deliled in the set

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Date of mailing of the international search report Elisabet Aselius /OGU Telephone No. +46 8 782 25 00 03 -09-2003 Authorized officer Date of the actual completion of the international search 2. Sept. 2003

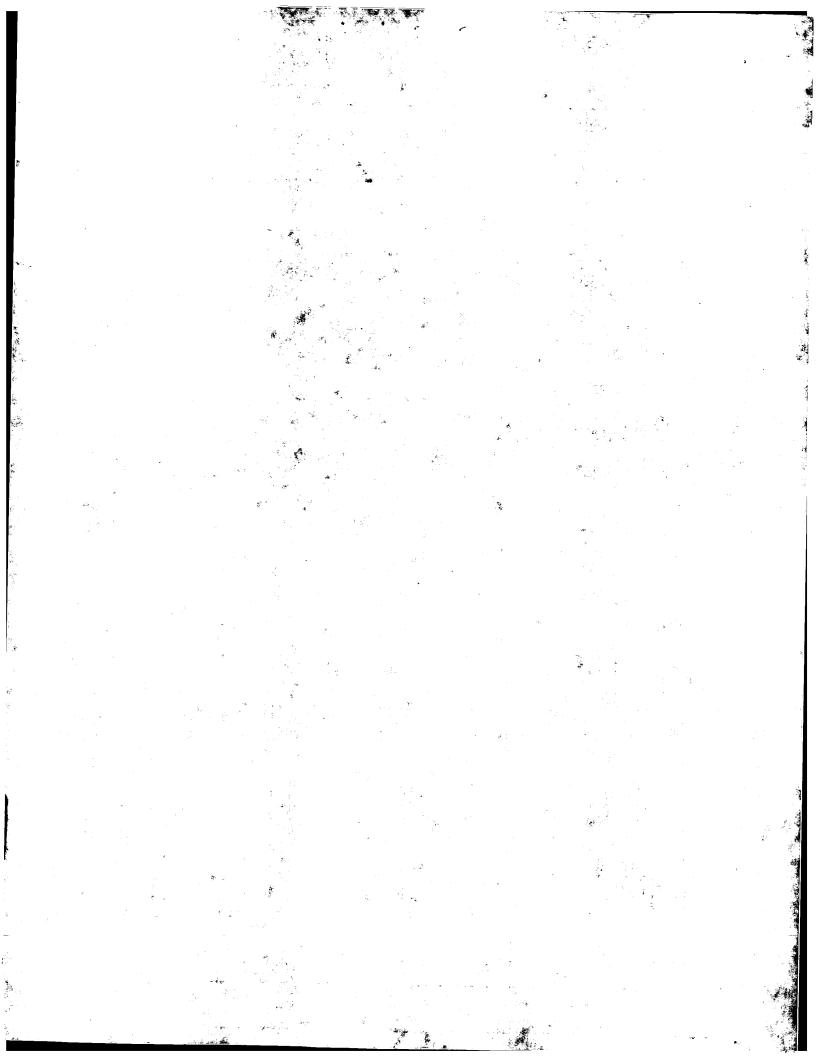
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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

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Relevant to claim No. 1-30 Category* | Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages US 5796338 A (MARDIROSSIAN, A.), 18 August 1998 (18.08.98), abstract C (Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT ۱ |

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